



(Mis)Understanding Overtourism and the Cruise Business 'Open Source Tourism' and the 'Mozilla Firefox Haircut'



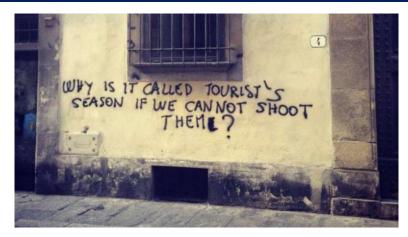
E-Tourism

Prof. Dr. Dr. Alexis Papathanassis

1st Business Deck Hamburg Cruise Days Hamburg (Germany) – 13th September 2019



A Simple Question... When does 'Tourism' become 'Overtourism'?





Happy Tourists, Unhappy Locals

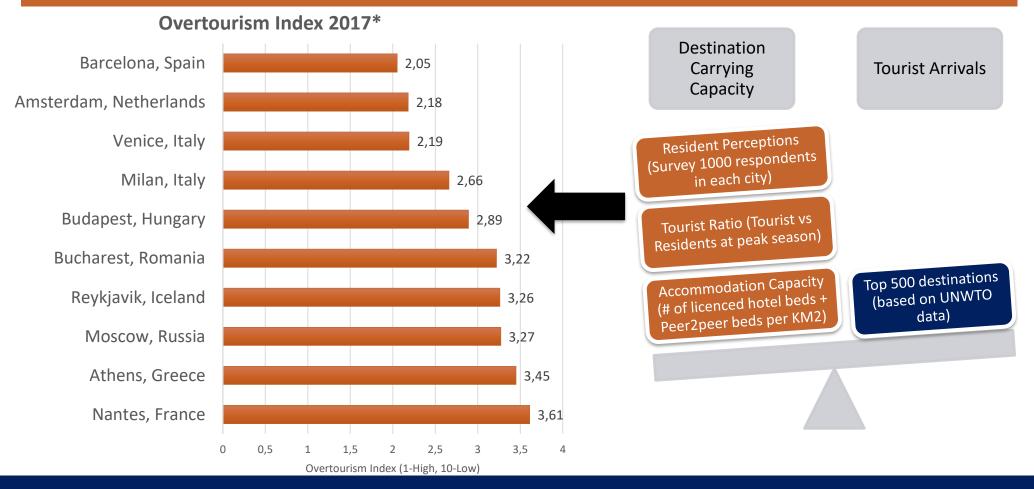
Okulicz-Kozaryn, Adam & Strzelecka, Marianna. (2017). Happy Tourists, Unhappy Locals. Social Indicators Research 234(2), 789-804. Retrieved from doi:10.7282/T3DN476G.

Abstract

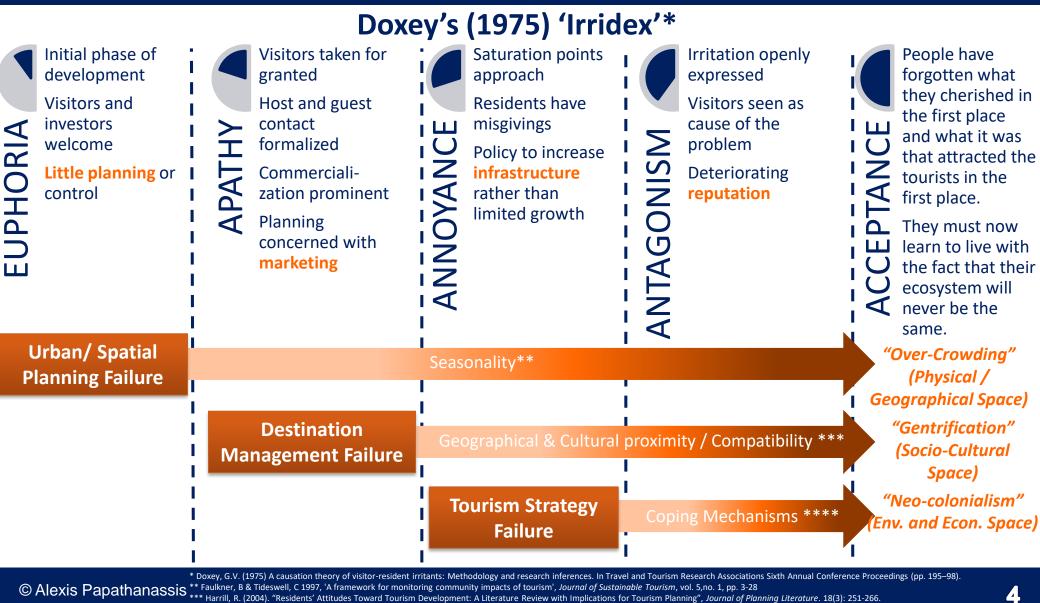
The most recent of literature focuses more often on the happiness of tourists, rather than the happiness of residents affected by tourism. However, this study aims at filling this gap with a new and refreshing perspective. This is carried out by using the European Social Survey (2010-2012) merged with Eurostat tourism data at the province (NUTS2) level. Staying consistent with homophily or ingroup preference theories, we find that domestic tourists contribute more to the happiness of locals than foreign tourists. Also by staying consistent with Irridex theory, we find that tourism at low levels of development contributes more to happiness than tourism at a high level of development.

Overtourism Index – Top 10* Congestion & Control Model

Destination Capacity < Tourism Volume = Decreasing Quality of Life = Anti-Tourism Sentiment



Overtourism has been a concern since the mid-70s! Evolution of Tourism-related Sentiment and Overtourism Dimensions



**** Ap. J. and J. Crompton (1993). "Residents' Strategies for Responding to Tourism Impacts", Journal of Travel Research. 32(1): 47-50.

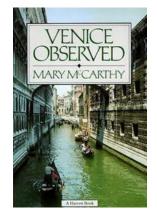
The terms "overtourism" and "tourismphobia" became the **buzzwords** of 2017 and have since evolved from what could be viewed as a **sensationalist** and oversimplified media narrative criticising the impacts of tourism not always objectively addressing the real drivers of the phenomenon

(Milano et al, 2019)



Foreword by John Eglin

"The ancient Venetians courageously intervened to curb environmental hazards. By contrast, today's discussion of Venice... and claims about the sinking, rising sea levels, and the destructive impact of tourism, present Venice as a city in peril..." (Standish, D. 2012 – Venice in Environmental Peril? Myth and Reality - p.1)



"There is no use pretending that the tourist Venice is not the real Venice," (McCarthy, M. 1956 -Venice Observed)

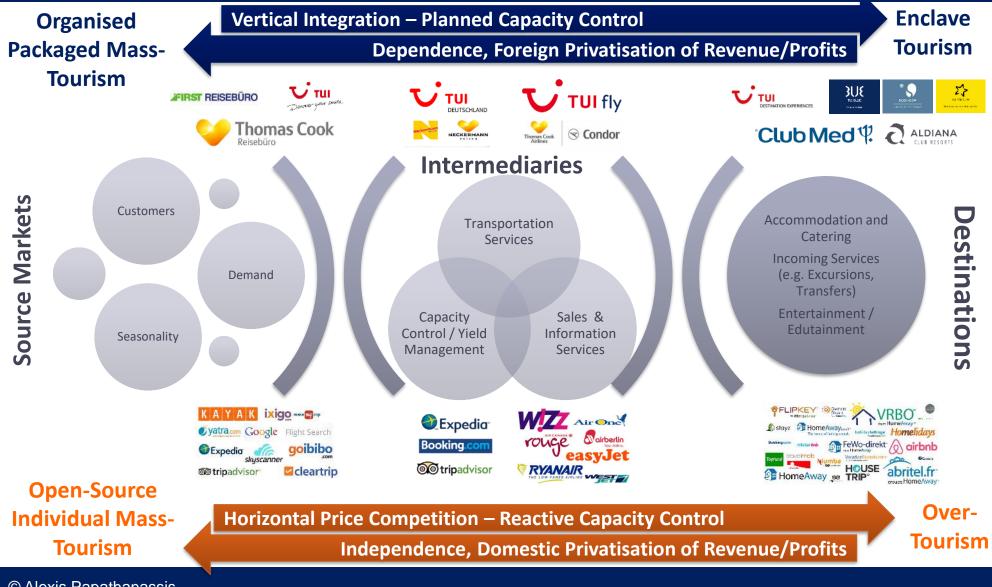
Milano, C. Novelli, M. & Cheer, J.M. (2019) Overtourism and Tourismphobia: A Journey Through Four Decades of Tourism Development, Planning and Local Concerns, Tourism Planning & Development, 16:4, 353-357

Now lets take a closer look... The Carrying Capacity Metrics do not tell us the full story!

	Region (Bed nights per 1,000 Inhabitants)*	Country (Bed nights per 1,000 Inhabitants)*	Region (Bed Nights per KM2)**	Country (Bed Nights per KM2)**	Av. Bedroom Occupancy
Venice (Italy)	13,837	6,460	3,437	1,333	56.5%
Catalonia (Spain)	10,209	9,090	2,253	899	63.4%
N.Holland / Amsterdam (NL)	9,260	6,126	6,260	2,492	76.1%
	Region (Bed nights per 1,000 Inhabitants)*	Country (Bed nights per 1,000 Inhabitants)*	Region (Bed Nights per KM2)**	Country (Bed Nights per KM2)**	Av. Bedroom Occupancy
South Aegean Islands (Greece)	nights per 1,000	nights per 1,000	Nights per	Nights per	
South Aegean Islands (Greece) Balearic Islands (Spain)	nights per 1,000 Inhabitants)*	nights per 1,000 Inhabitants)*	Nights per KM2)**	Nights per KM2)**	Occupancy
	nights per 1,000 Inhabitants)* 69,776	nights per 1,000 Inhabitants)* 9,082	Nights per KM2)** 4,463	Nights per KM2)** 771	Occupancy 58.5%

European Average is 5,200 Bed-Nights / 1,000 Inhabitants and 592 Bed-Nights per KM2

The Emergence of Open-Source-Tourism! From 'Holiday Cartels' to 'Open Source Tourism'

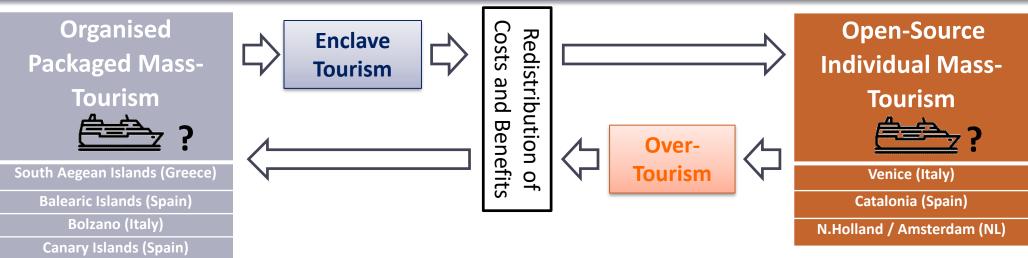


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Following the Bank Crisis... The 'Tourism Crisis' Privatising Profits, Communising the Costs

'Tourism is, at some level, a natural resource. Is tourism driving benefits for the many and not just the few?' Chris Lehane, Airbnb*

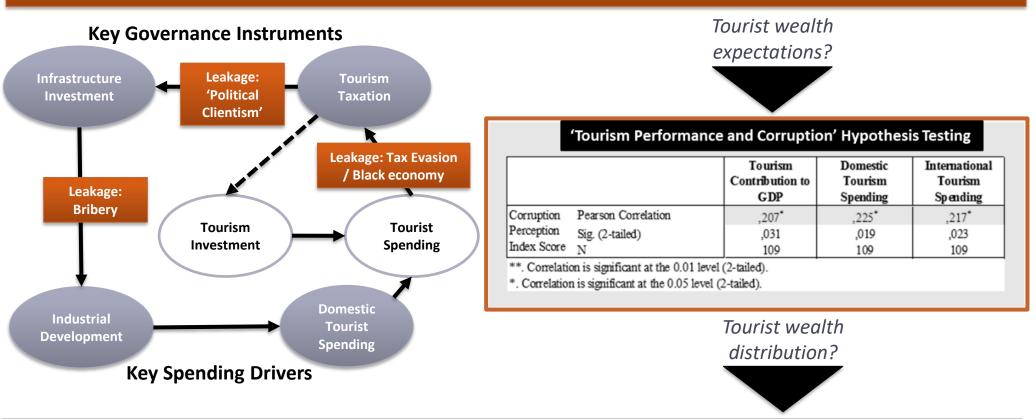


- Are tour / cruise operators and travel portals responsible for managing tourism at the destinations?
- Destination Management and the Public Sector:
 - National vs. Local Objectives
 - Politically-Driven / 4-Year Planning Scope
 - Scientific Tourism Competence / Tourism Education (beyond Vocational Training)

'Beach Disease' and Systemic Corruption Tourism Income 'Leakages'

'Beach Disease':

Despite the potential and resilience of tourism-led economic development, expected benefits often fail to materialise and there is variability in the tourism competitiveness



Social Inequality -> Anti-Tourism Sentiment -> Press and Political Opportunism (Populism)

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* Papathanassis, A. (2016). Curing the 'Beach Disease': Corruption and the Potential of Tourism-led Transformation for Developing Countries and Transitional Economies. Ovidius University Annals Economic Sciences Series, 16(1): 75-80

Over-Tourism and Anti-Tourism Sentiments Explained... An Expression of Multi-Level Failure Aggregation!



"Instead of promoting the destination, the time has come to **manage** the destination. The first step is to make choices... Tourism has always been a **goal** in itself and the most important driver was the economic added value it offered." (NBTC / NL Tourist Board (2019)

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Open Source Tourism: The Big Questions... To What Extent is the Public Sector capable of Managing Tourism?

'Overtourism' is not a tourist numbers issue; it is a tourism value issue... And this has always been a challenge!

- Are we misinterpreting localised (geographically and seasonally) overcrowding as a widespread 'overtourism' crisis?
- Are tour operators, cruise operators and travel portals the ones responsible for managing tourism at the destinations?
- To What extent is the public sector capable of managing tourism?

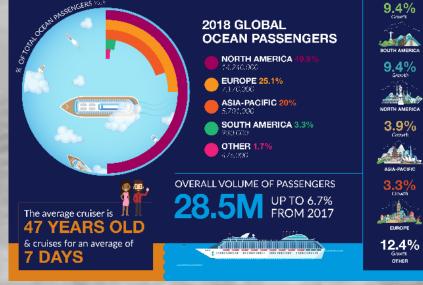
Tourism has increased and has gone 'open source'. Just like with software, the solution to bugs and hackers does not lie on owning or limiting the source code; it lies on better programming.

CRUISES AND OVERTOURISM

Uncontrolled growth or being at the wrong place, at the wrong

time?

CLIR 2018 YEAR IN REVIEW



10.09.2019 | 15:08 Uhr

Cover-Check: "Der Spiegel" stellt eine neue Kiosk-Jahresbestleistung mit dem "Wahnsinn Kreuzfahrt" auf



The 'Mozilla Firefox Haircut' Effect... Center Stage Presence, Overstated Growth Imagery and Dated CSR Narrative



Cruise tourism is the overstated posterchild of tourism growth:

 Expressed mainly in passenger numbers and growth percentages, the cruise sector promotes and celebrates its growth, but fails to meet the expectations it feeds

Mega-ships are eye-catching and enjoy the center-stage:

Dominating port skylines, imposing structures, mega-cruise ships do not only serve as marketing tools, but also as visual symbols of mass-tourism

Reactive and Defensive PR in the light of CSR and Public Criticism lacks Credibility:

- Greenwashing and denial do not work in today's digital connected world.
- Ignoring critics and avoiding to address (or at least admit to) the issues raised (e.g. enviromentalimpacts, pollution / emissions, working conditions on board, tax-avoidance) intensifies public discontent.

Time to see things in perspective... Cruise growth and its effects are comparatively small!

Clabal	2017	Number of Units	Cruise Fleet / Sector as a % of	Data Source
Global	Cruiseships	369		
Capacity	Airplanes	24,400	1.51%	Statista (2018a)
	Merchant Ships	52,000	0.71%	Statista (2018b)
	Hotels	184,449	0.20%	STR (2018)
	2017	Direct Contribution (mil USD)		
	Cruise Sector	\$61,020,000		CLIA (2018)
	Tourism Sector	\$2,036,000,000	3.00%	WTTC (2017)
Global	2017	Employment (Jobs /FTEs)		
Economic	Cruise Sector	1,100,000		CLIA (2018)
Contribution	Tourism Sector	118,454,000	0.93%	WTTC (2017)
	2017	Direct Contribution per Arrival / Port Visit		
	Cruise Sector	\$445.82		CLIA (2018)
	Tourism Sector	\$1.538.93	28.97%	WTTC (2017)

'If you were to close the cruise industry tomorrow, it would make zero difference to overtourism issues.' (David Dingle, Carnival U.K.**)

"The cruise industry goes to about 1,000 places. The vast majority want more tourists from us, not less." (Adam Goldstein, vice chairman of Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd)**

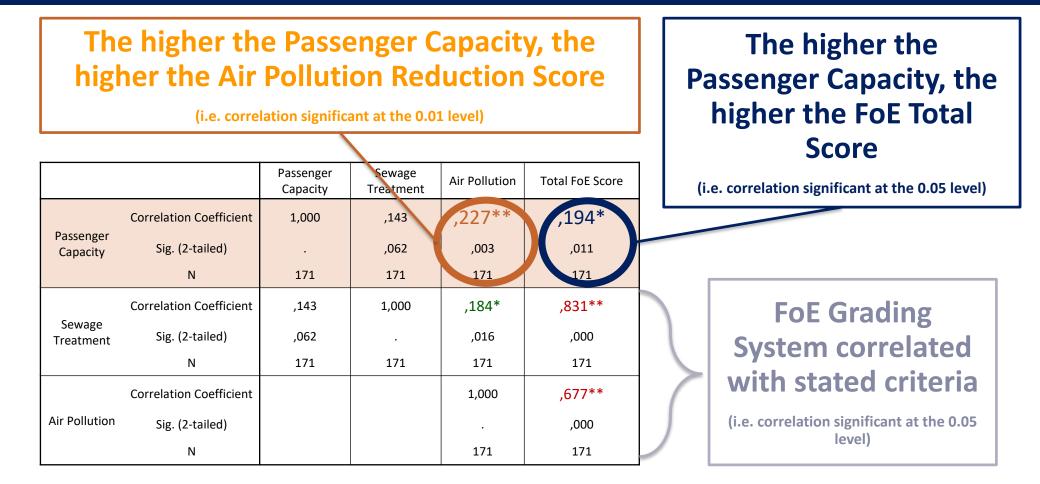
"Venice alone attracts 24 million tourists annually, nearly the same number of people the entire cruise industry carried in 2017. So I mean we are quite small" (Carnival Corp. CEO Arnold Donald)

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CLIA Sustainability Infographics vs. Press Reports: Dealing with the Criticisms vs. Solving the Problems!



The Cruise industry will reduce its fleet-wide emissions by 40% by 2030"... Anyway, since we are building new ships!



Tech-advancement vs. **life-span** of cruise vessels is the key!

Which way forward? In one word... Aufrichtigkeit!

Narrative coherence

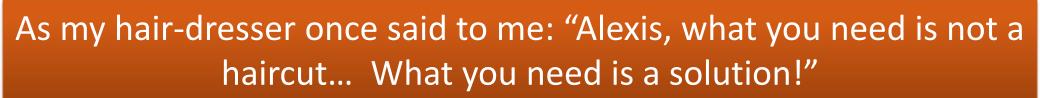
 E.g. "The industry is too small to make a difference in overtourism" vs. "We go to over 100 places and most of them want more tourists (who we bring, making thus a difference)"

Specific measures, local results reporting

 E.g. "Reducing CO2 emissions in the worldwide fleet by 2030" vs. "Reducing emissions for the port of Hamburg today"

Transparency and sincerity

- Letting critics and criticisms 'on-board'
- More engagement with science and academia







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Post-Merger Integration and the Management of Information and **Communication Systems**

CABLER EDITION WISSENSCHAFT



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